

El Escudo de la Ciudad

In the summer of 1487, Gibralfaro Castle was besieged by the Catholic Monarchs. Following their victory, King Ferdinand turned the Castle into their residence, and Queen Isabella opted to remain in the city. After the conquest by the Catholic Monarchs, the monumental complex became the symbol of the city, as on 30 August 1494, they presented its Coat of Arms, which depicts the Alcazaba with the Corral de los Cautivos (Pen of the Captives), the Coracha (fortified walkway) and Gibralfaro Castle, with images of its patron saints, Saint Ciriaco and Saint Paula, over the towers.

